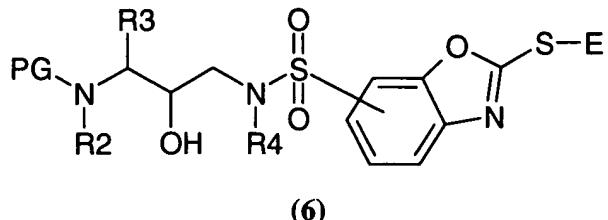


-53-

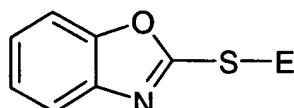
CLAIMS

1. A method for preparing a compound of formula (6),



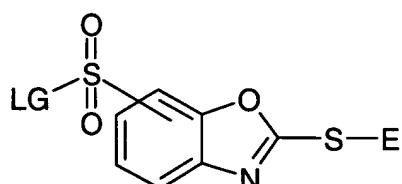
and salts, stereoisomeric forms, and racemic mixtures thereof, characterized in that said method starts from a compound of formula (2),

10



wherein **E** is an electrophilic moiety;

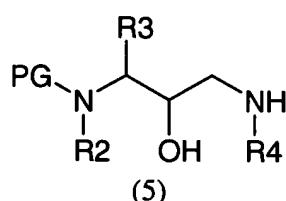
transforming compound of formula (2) into a compound of formula (3),



wherein **LG** is a leaving group; and

reacting compound of formula (3) with a compound of formula (5),

20



wherein

PG is a protecting group;

R₂ is hydrogen or C₁₋₆alkyl;

25 **R₃** is C₃₋₇cycloalkyl, aryl, Het¹, Het², or C₁₋₆alkyl optionally substituted with C₃₋₇cycloalkyl, aryl, Het¹, or Het²; wherein each C₃₋₇cycloalkyl, aryl, Het¹, and Het² may be optionally substituted with one or more groups selected from oxo, C₁₋₆alkyloxy, C₁₋₆alkyl,

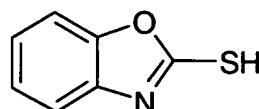
-54-

C_{1-6} alkylsulfonyl, aminosulfonyl, amino, C_{1-6} alkylcarbonylamino, hydroxy C_{1-6} alkyl, cyano, C_{1-6} alkyloxycarbonyl, aminocarbonyl, halogen or trifluoromethyl, wherein each amino maybe mono- or disubstituted with C_{1-6} alkyl;

R_4 is selected from the group comprising hydrogen, C_{1-4} alkyloxycarbonyl, 5 carboxyl, aminocarbonyl, mono- or di(C_{1-4} alkyl)aminocarbonyl, C_{3-7} cycloalkyl, C_{2-6} alkenyl, C_{2-6} alkynyl, or C_{1-6} alkyl optionally substituted with one or more substituents each independently selected from aryl, Het¹, Het², C_{3-7} cycloalkyl, C_{1-4} alkyloxycarbonyl, carboxyl, aminocarbonyl, mono- or di(C_{1-4} alkyl)aminocarbonyl, aminosulfonyl, C_{1-4} alkyl-S(=O)_t, hydroxy, cyano, halogen and amino optionally mono- 10 or disubstituted where the substituents are each independently selected from C_{1-4} alkyl, aryl, aryl C_{1-4} alkyl, C_{3-7} cycloalkyl, C_{3-7} cycloalkyl C_{1-4} alkyl, Het¹, Het², Het¹ C_{1-4} alkyl and Het^{2 C_{1-4} alkyl; and}

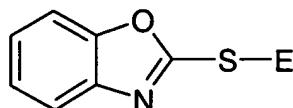
t is zero, one or two.

15 2. A method according to claim 1 for preparing a compound of formula (6), characterized in that said method comprises the steps of:
alkylating a compound of formula (1)



20 (1)

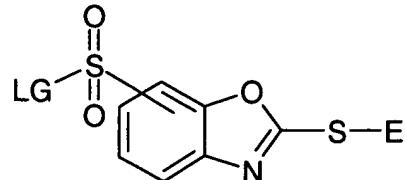
resulting into a compound of formula (2);



25 (2)

wherein E is a C_{1-6} alkyl;

reacting compound of formula (2) with a sulfonation agent, resulting in a compound of formula (3);

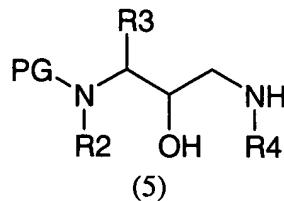


30 (3)

wherein LG is a leaving group; and

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coupling compound of formula (3) with a compound of formula (5).

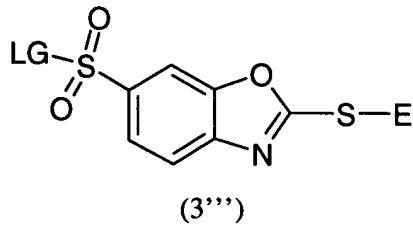


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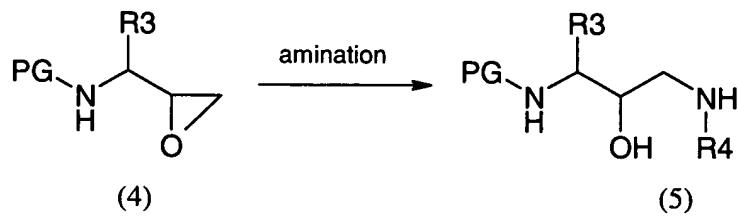
wherein **PG** is a protecting group; and

wherein **R**₂, **R**₃, and **R**₄ are as claimed in claim 1.

3. A method according to any one of claims 1 to 2, characterized in that compound of
10 formula (3) is a compound of formula (3''').



15 4. A method according to any one of claims 1 to 3, characterized in that compound of
formula (5) is obtained by amination of an epoxide-containing compound of formula
formula (4), and the amination reagent is $\text{H}_2\text{N}-\text{R}_4$, wherein R_4 is as claimed in any one of claims
1 to 3.

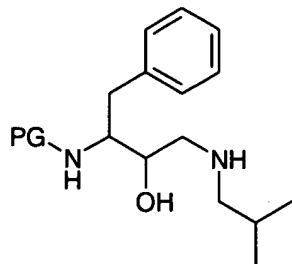


20

(4)

(5)

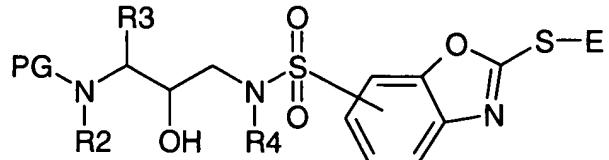
5. A method according to any one of claims 1 to 4, wherein compound of formula (5) is
compound of formula (5').



25

(5')

6. A compound having formula (6)



5

and salts, stereoisomeric forms, and racemic mixtures thereof, characterized in that **PG**, **R₂**, **R₃**, **R₄**, and **E** are as defined in any one of claims 1 to 5.

7. A compound according to claim 6, characterized in that

10 **R₂** is hydrogen;
 R₃ is arylC₁₋₄alkyl, arylmethyl, or phenylmethyl;
 R₄ is unsubstituted C₁₋₆alkyl or C₁₋₆alkyl substituted with one or more substituents selected from aryl, Het¹, Het², C₃₋₇cycloalkyl and amino optionally mono- or disubstituted where the substituents are selected from C₁₋₄alkyl, aryl, Het¹ and Het².

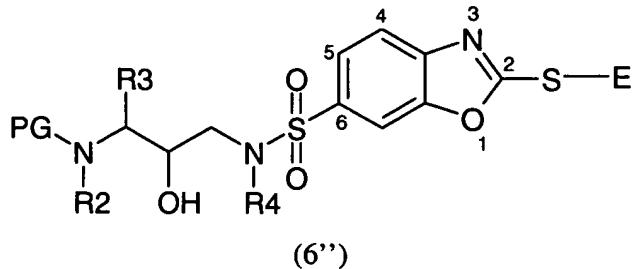
15

8. A compound according to any one of claims 6 to 7, characterized in that

20 **R₂** is hydrogen;
 R₃ is phenylmethyl; and
 R₄ is isobutyl.

20

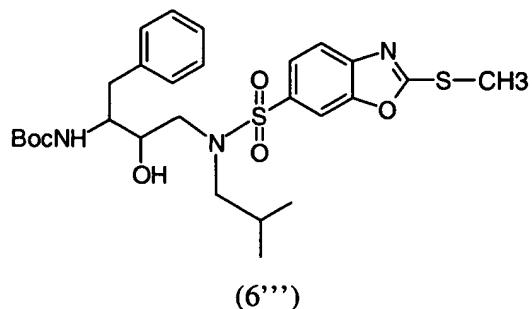
9. A compound according to any one of claims 6 to 8, characterized in that the compound has formula (6'').



25

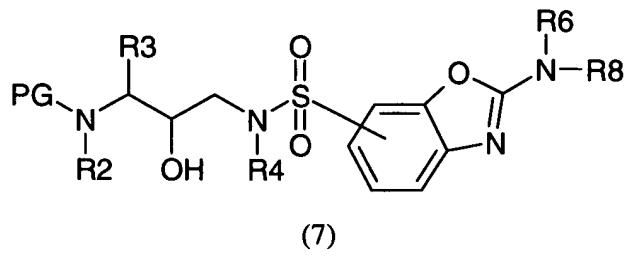
10. A compound according to any one of claims 6 to 9, characterized in that the compound has formula (6''').

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11. A compound according to any one of claims 6 to 10, characterized in that said
5 compound is in the form of a salt selected from trifluoroacetate, fumarate, chloroacetate
and methanesulfonate.

12. A method for preparing a compound of formula (9), wherein said method comprises
the methods according to any one of claims 1 to 5, characterised in that said method
10 further comprises
aminating compound of formula (6) to obtain compound of formula (7), wherein

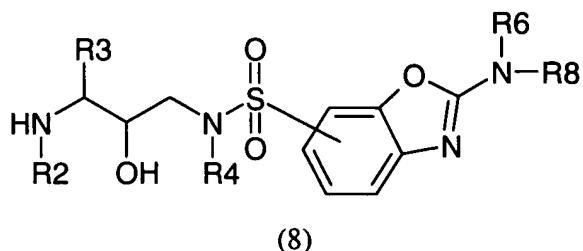


15 \mathbf{R}_6 is hydrogen, hydroxy, $\text{C}_{1\text{-}6}$ alkyl, $\text{Het}^1\text{C}_{1\text{-}6}$ alkyl, $\text{Het}^2\text{C}_{1\text{-}6}$ alkyl, amino $\text{C}_{1\text{-}6}$ alkyl
whereby the amino group may optionally be mono- or di-substituted with $\text{C}_{1\text{-}4}$ alkyl;
 \mathbf{R}_8 is hydrogen, $\text{C}_{1\text{-}6}$ alkyl, or $-\mathbf{A}\text{-R}_7$;
 \mathbf{A} is $\text{C}_{1\text{-}6}$ alkanediyl, $-\text{C}(=\text{O})-$, $-\text{C}(=\text{S})-$, $-\text{S}(=\text{O})_2-$, $\text{C}_{1\text{-}6}$ alkanediyl- $\text{C}(=\text{O})-$,
20 $\text{C}_{1\text{-}6}$ alkanediyl- $\text{C}(=\text{S})-$ or $\text{C}_{1\text{-}6}$ alkanediyl- $\text{S}(=\text{O})_2-$; whereby the point of attachment to
the nitrogen atom is the $\text{C}_{1\text{-}6}$ alkanediyl group in those moieties containing said group;
 \mathbf{R}_7 is $\text{C}_{1\text{-}6}$ alkyloxy, Het^1 , Het^1oxy , Het^2 , Het^2oxy , aryl, aryloxy, $\text{C}_{3\text{-}7}$ cycloalkyl,
or optionally mono- or disubstituted amino; and
in case $-\mathbf{A}-$ is other than $\text{C}_{1\text{-}6}$ alkanediyl then \mathbf{R}_7 may also be $\text{C}_{1\text{-}6}$ alkyl,
25 $\text{Het}^1\text{C}_{1\text{-}4}$ alkyl, $\text{Het}^1\text{oxyC}_{1\text{-}4}$ alkyl, $\text{Het}^2\text{C}_{1\text{-}4}$ alkyl, $\text{Het}^2\text{oxyC}_{1\text{-}4}$ alkyl, aryl $\text{C}_{1\text{-}4}$ alkyl,
aryloxy $\text{C}_{1\text{-}4}$ alkyl or amino- $\text{C}_{1\text{-}6}$ alkyl; whereby each of the amino groups in the
definition of \mathbf{R}_7 may optionally be substituted with one or more substituents selected
from $\text{C}_{1\text{-}4}$ alkyl, $\text{C}_{1\text{-}4}$ alkylcarbonyl, $\text{C}_{1\text{-}4}$ alkyloxycarbonyl, aryl, arylcarbonyl,
aryloxycarbonyl, Het^1 , Het^2 , aryl $\text{C}_{1\text{-}4}$ alkyl, $\text{Het}^1\text{-C}_{1\text{-}4}$ alkyl or $\text{Het}^2\text{C}_{1\text{-}4}$ alkyl; and
30 $-\mathbf{A}\text{-R}_7$ may also be hydroxy $\text{C}_{1\text{-}6}$ alkyl; and

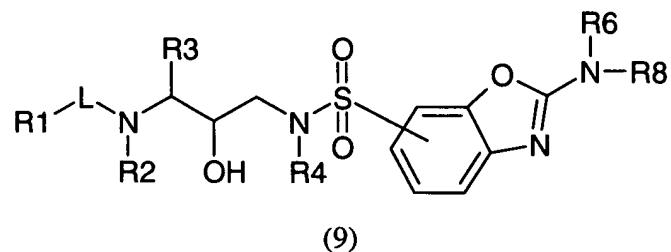
-58-

R₆ and -A-R₇, taken together with the nitrogen atom to which they are attached may also form Het¹ or Het²;

5 deprotecting compound of formula (7) to obtain compound of formula (8),

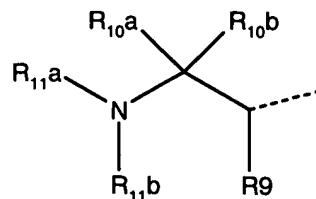


10 coupling a radical of formula R₁-L- to obtain compound of formula (9),



and N-oxides, salts, stereoisomeric forms, racemic mixtures, prodrugs, esters and metabolites thereof, wherein

15 R₁ is selected from the group comprising hydrogen, C₁₋₆alkyl, C₂₋₆alkenyl, arylC₁₋₆alkyl, C₃₋₇cycloalkyl, C₃₋₇cycloalkylC₁₋₆alkyl, aryl, Het¹, Het¹C₁₋₆alkyl, Het², Het²C₁₋₆alkyl; and R₁ may also be a radical of formula (10)



20 R₉, R_{10a} and R_{10b} are, each independently, hydrogen, C₁₋₄alkyloxycarbonyl, carboxyl, aminocarbonyl, mono- or di(C₁₋₄alkyl)aminocarbonyl, C₃₋₇cycloalkyl, C₂₋₆alkenyl, C₂₋₆alkynyl or C₁₋₄alkyl optionally substituted with aryl, Het¹, Het², C₃₋₇cycloalkyl, C₁₋₄alkyloxycarbonyl, carboxyl, aminocarbonyl, mono- or di(C₁₋₄alkyl)-aminocarbonyl, aminosulfonyl, C₁₋₄alkylS(O)₂, hydroxy, cyano, halogen or amino optionally mono- or disubstituted where the substituents are each independently selected from C₁₋₄alkyl, aryl, arylC₁₋₄alkyl, C₃₋₇cycloalkyl, C₃₋₇cycloalkylC₁₋₄alkyl, Het¹, Het², Het¹C₁₋₄alkyl and

Het²C₁₋₄alkyl; whereby R₉, R_{10a} and the carbon atoms to which they are attached may also form a C₃₋₇cycloalkyl radical;

when L is -O-C₁₋₆alkanediyl-C(=O)- or -NR₁₂-C₁₋₆alkanediyl-C(=O)-, then R₉ may also be oxo;

5 R_{11a} is selected from the group comprising hydrogen, C₂₋₆alkenyl, C₂₋₆alkynyl, C₃₋₇cycloalkyl, aryl, aminocarbonyl optionally mono- or disubstituted, aminoC₁₋₄alkylcarbonyloxy optionally mono- or disubstituted, C₁₋₄alkyloxycarbonyl, aryloxycarbonyl, Het¹oxycarbonyl, Het²oxycarbonyl, aryloxycarbonylC₁₋₄alkyl, arylC₁₋₄alkyloxycarbonyl, C₁₋₄alkylcarbonyl, C₃₋₇cycloalkylcarbonyl, C₃₋₇cycloalkyl-
10 C₁₋₄alkyloxycarbonyl, C₃₋₇cycloalkylcarbonyloxy, carboxylC₁₋₄alkylcarbonyloxy, C₁₋₄alkylcarbonyloxy, arylC₁₋₄alkylcarbonyloxy, arylcarbonyloxy, aryloxycarbonyloxy, Het¹carbonyl, Het¹carbonyloxy, Het¹C₁₋₄alkyloxycarbonyl, Het²carbonyloxy, Het²C₁₋₄alkylcarbonyloxy, Het²C₁₋₄alkyloxycarbonyloxy or C₁₋₄alkyl optionally substituted with aryl, aryloxy, Het² or hydroxy; wherein the substituents on the amino
15 groups are each independently selected from C₁₋₄alkyl, aryl, arylC₁₋₄alkyl, C₃₋₇cycloalkyl, C₁₋₄alkyl, Het¹, Het², Het¹C₁₋₄alkyl and Het²C₁₋₄alkyl;

R_{11b} is selected from the group comprising hydrogen, C₃₋₇cycloalkyl, C₂₋₆alkenyl,
20 C₂₋₆alkynyl, aryl, Het¹, Het² or C₁₋₄alkyl optionally substituted with halogen, hydroxy, C₁₋₄alkylS(=O)₂, aryl, C₃₋₇cycloalkyl, Het¹, Het², amino optionally mono- or disubstituted where the substituents are each independently selected from C₁₋₄alkyl, aryl, arylC₁₋₄alkyl, C₃₋₇cycloalkyl, C₃₋₇cycloalkylC₁₋₄alkyl, Het¹, Het², Het¹C₁₋₄alkyl and Het²C₁₋₄alkyl;

25 whereby R_{11b} may be linked to the remainder of the molecule via a sulfonyl group; and

L is selected from the group comprising -C(=O)-, -O-C(=O)-, -NR₁₂-C(=O)-, -O-C₁₋₆alkanediyl-C(=O)-, -NR₁₂-C₁₋₆alkanediyl-C(=O)-, -S(=O)₂, -O-S(=O)₂-, -NR₁₂-S(=O)₂ whereby either the C(=O) group or the S(=O)₂ group is attached to the
30 NR₂ moiety; whereby the C₁₋₆alkanediyl moiety is optionally substituted with a substituent selected from hydroxy, aryl, Het¹, and Het²;

R₁₂ is hydrogen, C₁₋₆alkyl, C₂₋₆alkenyl, arylC₁₋₆alkyl, C₃₋₇cycloalkyl, C₃₋₇cycloalkylC₁₋₆alkyl, aryl, Het¹, Het¹C₁₋₆alkyl, Het², Het²C₁₋₆alkyl;

R₂ is hydrogen or C₁₋₆alkyl;

35 R₃ is C₃₋₇cycloalkyl, aryl, Het¹, Het², or C₁₋₆alkyl optionally substituted with C₃₋₇cycloalkyl, aryl, Het¹, or Het²; wherein each C₃₋₇cycloalkyl, aryl, Het¹, and Het² may be optionally substituted with one or more groups selected from oxo, C₁₋₆alkyloxy, C₁₋₆alkyl,

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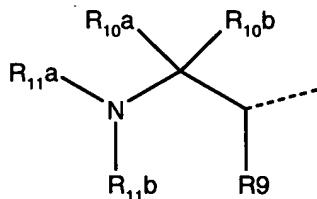
C_{1-6} alkylsulfonyl, aminosulfonyl, amino, C_{1-6} alkylcarbonylamino, hydroxy C_{1-6} alkyl, cyano, C_{1-6} alkyloxycarbonyl, aminocarbonyl, halogen or trifluoromethyl, wherein each amino maybe mono- or disubstituted with C_{1-6} alkyl;

R_4 is selected from the group comprising hydrogen, C_{1-4} alkyloxycarbonyl, 5 carboxyl, aminocarbonyl, mono- or di(C_{1-4} alkyl)aminocarbonyl, C_{3-7} cycloalkyl, C_{2-6} alkenyl, C_{2-6} alkynyl, or C_{1-6} alkyl optionally substituted with one or more substituents each independently selected from aryl, Het¹, Het², C_{3-7} cycloalkyl, C_{1-4} alkyloxycarbonyl, carboxyl, aminocarbonyl, mono- or di(C_{1-4} alkyl)aminocarbonyl, aminosulfonyl, C_{1-4} alkyl-S(=O)_t, hydroxy, cyano, halogen and amino optionally mono- 10 or disubstituted where the substituents are each independently selected from C_{1-4} alkyl, aryl, aryl C_{1-4} alkyl, C_{3-7} cycloalkyl, C_{3-7} cycloalkyl-C₁₋₄alkyl, Het¹, Het², Het¹ C_{1-4} alkyl and Het² C_{1-4} alkyl; and

t is zero, one or two.

15 13. The method according to claim 12, wherein

R_1 is a radical of formula (10)



(10)

20

R_9 , R_{10a} and R_{10b} are, each independently, hydrogen, C_{1-4} alkyloxycarbonyl, carboxyl, aminocarbonyl, mono- or di(C_{1-4} alkyl)aminocarbonyl, C_{3-7} cycloalkyl, C_{2-6} alkenyl, C_{2-6} alkynyl or C_{1-4} alkyl optionally substituted with aryl, Het¹, Het², C_{3-7} cycloalkyl, C_{1-4} alkyloxycarbonyl, carboxyl, aminocarbonyl, mono- or di(C_{1-4} alkyl)- 25 aminocarbonyl, aminosulfonyl, C_{1-4} alkylS(=O)_t, hydroxy, cyano, halogen or amino optionally mono- or disubstituted where the substituents are each independently selected from C_{1-4} alkyl, aryl, aryl C_{1-4} alkyl, C_{3-7} cycloalkyl, C_{3-7} cycloalkyl-C₁₋₄alkyl, Het¹, Het², Het¹ C_{1-4} alkyl and Het² C_{1-4} alkyl;

whereby R_9 , R_{10a} and the carbon atoms to which they are attached may also 30 form a C_{3-7} cycloalkyl radical;

R_{11b} is hydrogen, C_{3-7} cycloalkyl, C_{2-6} alkenyl, C_{2-6} alkynyl, aryl, Het¹, Het² or C_{1-4} alkyl optionally substituted with halogen, hydroxy, C_{1-4} alkylS(=O)_t, aryl, C_{3-7} cycloalkyl, Het¹, Het², amino optionally mono- or disubstituted where the

substituents are each independently selected from C_{1-4} alkyl, aryl, aryl C_{1-4} alkyl, C_{3-7} cycloalkyl, C_{3-7} cycloalkyl C_{1-4} alkyl, Het¹, Het², Het¹ C_{1-4} alkyl and Het² C_{1-4} alkyl; whereby R_{11b} may be linked to the remainder of the molecule via a sulfonyl group;

5 t is zero, one or two;
L is -C(=O)-, -O-C(=O)-, -NR₁₂-C(=O)-, -O-C₁₋₆alkanediyl-C(=O)-, -NR₁₂-C₁₋₆alkanediyl-C(=O)-, -S(=O)₂-, -O-S(=O)₂-, -NR₁₂-S(=O)₂ whereby either the C(=O) group or the S(=O)₂ group is attached to the NR₂ moiety; whereby the C₁₋₆alkanediyl moiety is optionally substituted with a substituent selected from 10 hydroxy, aryl, Het¹, and Het²;

R_{12} is hydrogen, C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-6} alkenyl, aryl C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{3-7} cycloalkyl, C_{3-7} cycloalkyl C_{1-6} alkyl, aryl, Het¹, Het¹ C_{1-6} alkyl, Het², Het² C_{1-6} alkyl; and

15 R_4 is hydrogen, C_{1-4} alkyloxycarbonyl, carboxyl, aminocarbonyl, mono- or di(C_{1-4} alkyl)aminocarbonyl, C_{3-7} cycloalkyl, C_{2-6} alkenyl, C_{2-6} alkynyl, or C_{1-6} alkyl optionally substituted with one or more substituents selected from aryl, Het¹, Het², C_{3-7} cycloalkyl, C_{1-4} alkyloxycarbonyl, carboxyl, aminocarbonyl, mono- or di(C_{1-4} alkyl)aminocarbonyl, aminosulfonyl, C_{1-4} alkylS(=O)_t, hydroxy, cyano, halogen and amino 20 optionally mono- or disubstituted where the substituents are selected from C_{1-4} alkyl, aryl, aryl C_{1-4} alkyl, C_{3-7} cycloalkyl, C_{3-7} cycloalkyl- C_{1-4} alkyl, Het¹, Het², Het¹ C_{1-4} alkyl and Het² C_{1-4} alkyl.

14. The method according to any one of claims 12 to 13, wherein one or more of the following restrictions apply:

25 R_1 is hydrogen, Het¹, Het², aryl, Het¹ C_{1-6} alkyl, Het² C_{1-6} alkyl, aryl C_{1-6} alkyl, more in particular, R_1 is a saturated or partially unsaturated monocyclic or bicyclic heterocycle having 5 to 8 ring members, which contains one or more heteroatom ring members selected from nitrogen, oxygen or sulfur and which is optionally substituted, or phenyl optionally substituted with one or more substituents;

R_2 is hydrogen;

30 L is -C(=O)-, -O-C(=O)-, -O-C₁₋₆alkanediyl-C(=O)-, more in particular, L is -O-C(=O)- or -O-C₁₋₆alkanediyl-C(=O)-, whereby in each case the C(=O) group is attached to the NR₂ moiety;

R_3 is aryl C_{1-4} alkyl, in particular, arylmethyl, more in particular phenylmethyl;

35 R_4 is optionally substituted C_{1-6} alkyl, in particular unsubstituted C_{1-6} alkyl or C_{1-6} alkyl optionally substituted with one or more substituents selected from aryl, Het¹, Het², C_{3-7} cycloalkyl and amino optionally mono- or disubstituted where the substituents are selected from C_{1-4} alkyl, aryl, Het¹ and Het²;

R_6 is hydrogen or methyl; and

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R₈ is hydrogen or methyl.

15. The method according to any one of claims 12 to 14, wherein
R₁-L is Het¹-O-C(=O), Het²-C₁₋₆alkanediyl-O-C(=O), aryl-O-C₁₋₆alkanediyl-
5 C(=O) or aryl—C(=O).

16. The method according to any one of claims 12 to 15, wherein
NR₆R₈ is amino, monomethylamino or dimethylamino.

10 17. The method according to to any one of claims 12 to 16, wherein
R₁ is a Het¹, or a Het¹C₁₋₆alkyl, and
L is —O-C(=O)-;
R₂ is hydrogen;
R₃ is phenylmethyl;
15 R₄ is isobutyl;
R₆ is hydrogen; and
R₈ is hydrogen or methyl.

18. The method according to any one of claims 12 to 17, wherein compound (9) has
20 formula (9''').

19. The method according to any one of claims 12 to 18, characterized in that
25 compound of formula (9) is in the form of a salt selected from trifluoroacetate, fumarate, chloroacetate and methanesulfonate.

20. Use of a compound as claimed in any of claims 7 to 11 as an intermediate for preparing a retrovirus protease inhibitor of formula (9).